Motorola droid 2 a955 manual

All credits for the tracks goes to Sebastian Krahmer at . Please try to donate via PayPal to [email, protected] if you want a one-click 'simpler process, go to this discussion: Easier 1-2-3 Droid 2 root for Windows / Linux / Mac ** * Note: proceed to your own risk. I and suppliers of this code are not responsible for everything that you do the installation phone ***: - Install ADB (here) and Motorola driver for windows (32-bit or 64-bit) - Download attached archive - extract To a directory, I used C: Droid2Root - Make sure you have USB deguggings enabled - Change the connection to the PC Process Mode: - Open command prompt - CD C: / folder anywhere-your-sdk-tools-Ã¨ - adb devices (to check the connection) - CD C: / Droid2Root - ADB push superuser.apk /sdcard/superuser.apk - ADB push up / sdcard / do - adb pushbox / sdcard / busybox - adb rageagaindthecage-arm5.bin push / date / local /tmp/rageagainsthecage-arm5.bin - CD / local / tmp data - - adb shell chmod 0755 rageagainsthecage-arm5.bin - ./rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin - Run the process until you 'kick out (You can take a minute or two) in C: Droid2Root / - CD C: / where-your-sdk-tools-file-is - adb kill-se Rver - ADB Devices (to check the connection) - ADB Shell (now you should have a prompt #, if don't go back to step ./rage above) - Mount -o RW, Remount -T EXT3 / Dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - cp /sdcard/superuser.apk /system/app/superuser.apk - CP / SDCard / SU / SYSTEM / BIN / SU - CP / SDCard / BusyBox / System / Bin / BusyBox - Chmod 4755 / System / bin / su - chmod 4755 / system / bin / busybox - mount -o ro, remount -t ext3 / dev / block / mmcblk1p21 / system - output - output I am sure there are some steps that could be rationalized or deleted, so don't hesitate to do a Tip and I modify the post. Additional thanks to @Rainbba and Alldroid.org for their excellent rooting Droid X exercise, which helped me a lot in this process. Last modified: 4 Oct, 2010 Reactions: Yosef_a and Balamu96m I'm new to do this all the way ADB. When you say the extract in a directory what is meant by extract. After you download the achive file made ..... I understand the rest of the controls, but iM lost there I have delayed the didnt realize that it was attached to the post, I thought it was what Adb downloaded when I opened The cause is called the archives. You can't log in I'll get super-user push up and box busy on my phone, but it is said that the read-only system .. How can I solve this? Anyone who actually try this? Hi, I'm following your senses and when I arrive at the "ADB push superuser.apk" step I receive the following error: "Impossible to copy 'superuser.apk' to '/system/app/superuser.apk': Read-Single file system" I get this same error for the other phases ADB Push that follow. Edit: To check, I get a # shell. Edit 2: I tried pushing the superuser.APK A / Data / / TMP local, then CP A / System / App /, this also checked a read-only file system error. Last modified: August 25, 2010 I am currently looking for it. I have a 64-bit driver on my computer I used to use for my D1, but it doesn't recognize the D2 when you do adb devices and I can't install the 32-bit driver I'm currently looking for it. I have a 64-bit driver on my computer I used to use for my d1, but it doesn't recognize the d2 when you do adb devices and I can't install the 32-bit driver I don't know if you help you, but if it's something Similar to DINC, you could use SDK drivers and add some device identifier rows to the INF file before installing them. Page 2 Do you add any steps to mount the system? I don't think I did, but it looks like others Finding to be read-only. I did on a Mac and for any reason, once I had the # for the term root (even after you get $, wait for people. And you return to the native command line), if I came out, it wouldn't be more root so I just had to copy files from sdcard, manually reassemble the system (I just made "mount -o remount, rw / system / system") and then copy up, superuser.apk and busybox busybox Their positions. You could try Adb Reassemble if the system is read-only when my Eris was read-only, I would only make an ADB reassemble and then go to anything I was doing before and does ADB able to read. This should work but I can't help you if it weren't. OK, modified the original post to add the mounting steps. If you have run the commands but it was locked on ADB Push, do the following: - CD C: / Droid2Root - ADB Push SuperSer.apk /sdcard/Superusoer.APK - ADB Push on / SDCard / SU - ADB PushBox / Push Box / sdcard / buskbox - adb shell (it is now necessary to have a prompt #) - mount -o rw, remount -t est3 / dev / block / mmcblk1p21 / system - cp /sdcard/superusoer.apk /system/app/superusoer.apk - CP / SDCARD / SU / SYSTEM / BIN / SU - CP / SDCard / BuskBox / System / Bin / BuskBox - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / SU - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / Buskbox - Mount -T3 / dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - Exit - Exit let me know if this solve. You could try Adb Reassemble if the system is read-only when my Eris was read-only, I would only make an ADB reassemble and then go to anything I was doing before and does ADB able to read. This should work but I can't help you if it weren't. For me, I lost the root when you leave the ADB shell. This was not an option at that point. It seems that XPloit let me have a shot when I was doing so I just had to reassure from the shell and use "cat" commands files in their positions. (For anyone who I don't know, the use of the cat: "CAT Orighile> / New / Newfile") OK, modified the original post to add the mounting steps. If you have run the commands but it was locked on ADB Push, do the following: - CD C: / Droid2Root - ADB Push SuperSer.apk /sdcard/Superusoer.APK - ADB Push on / SDCard / SU - ADB PushBox / Push Box / sdcard / buskbox - adb shell (it is now necessary to have a prompt #) - mount -o rw, remount -t est3 / dev / block / mmcblk1p21 / system - cp /sdcard/superusoer.apk /system/app/superusoer.apk - CP / SDCARD / SU / SYSTEM / BIN / SU - CP / SDCard / BuskBox / System / Bin / BuskBox - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / SU - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / Buskbox - Mount -T3 / dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - Exit - Exit let me know if this solve. You left out the Exploit part but somewhat different from that, I did that same procedure on Mac well. Guys, please send any donation positioned in Sebastien. He really did everything for this ok, he changed the original post to add the mounting steps. If you have run the commands but it was locked on ADB Push, do the following: - CD C: / Droid2Root - ADB Push SuperSer.apk /sdcard/Superusoer.APK - ADB Push on / SDCard / SU - ADB PushBox / Push Box / sdcard / buskbox - adb shell (it is now necessary to have a prompt #) - mount -o rw, remount -t est3 / dev / block / mmcblk1p21 / system - cp /sdcard/superusoer.apk /system/app/superusoer.apk - CP / SDCARD / SU / SYSTEM / BIN / SU - CP / SDCard / BuskBox / System / Bin / BuskBox - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / SU - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / Buskbox - Mount -T3 / dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - Exit - Exit let me know if this solve. It allowed me to copy superuser.apk, update the post after edit: I was able to copy everything now. And tested with setcpu. Works well. Thanks! Last modified: 25 Aug 2010 Also, Koush said he would work on ClockworkMod for Droid 2 tonight. We still need to get Birdman to help him if he was different from Droid X but the same problem should soon happen here. I tried a new solution, now the authorization denied. Push the .bin file and run as it says. Then wait until you completely return (in my case it has been finished the program on Android and then I had to wait another 10 seconds to click on the line of On my OS X machine). So you just have to do "Shell ADB". Then you should have the # and you'll have a shot (at least this has been my experience) to enter all the commands as root. Once you go out to ADB, you will return to normality even if you can't copy the items, you may need to restart the phone and make exploit yourself Muhahahahaha! It's ALIVE! I harnessed the power of the root! Sorry, I waited two weeks to tell. Thanks guys for all the hard work on this. The updated instructions worked like a charm! I have to be completely retarded because © can not exceed C: / droid2root. When I do the push ADB after getting quell'ADB is not a command, page 3 has entered and now when I entered the Push ADB line displays the entire list of ADB commands, so you've done all this .. Setup: - Install ADB (here) and Driver Motorola (here) - Download file attachment - extract to a directory, I used c: \ droid2root - Make sure you have enabled USB degugging - Change connection to the PC mode process: - Open the command prompt - CD C: / wherever-your-sdk-tools-folder-is - ADB devices (to verify the connection) - CD C: / droid2root - adb push superuser.apk /sdcard/superusoer.apk ..and in that ' Just last line displays a list of commands adb? Microsoft Windows [Version 6.1.7600] Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. C: \ Users \ Jeremy> CD C: / DroidADB / Android-SDK-Windows / Tools C: \ DroidADB \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Tools> ADB Devices List of connected devices XXXXXXXXXXXX device C: \ DroidADB \ Android-SDK- Windows \ Tools> CD C: / droid2root c: \ droid2root> adb push superuser.apk / sdcard / Android debug bridge superuser.apk version 1.0.26 -d - Directs command to the only USB version Devic It returns an error if more than It is present a USB device. -e - directs command to the only running emulator. Returns an error if more than one emulator is R. -S - Direct the command to the USB device or emulator with a specific serial number. Replaces Android_Seri AL Environment Variable. -P - Product name simply as "before" or a relative / absolute path for a directory of product out as "out / target / product / first". If -P is not specified, the environment variable Android_Product_out is used, which must be an absolute path. Devices - Lists all Connect connected devices : - Connect to a device using Disconnect TCP / IP : - Disconnect from a TCP / IP device device device: ADB Push - Copy files / dir of the device adb pull [] - Copy files / dir from adb sync device [] - Copy host-> device only if changed (see 'Help ADB everything') Shell ADB - Perform remote adb shell shell with shell - Execute command remote shell adb emu - Execute command emulator command adb logcat console [] - Display the device registry ADB Forwarding - Connections of forward grip specifications forward is one of: TCP: LOCALITTRACTRATTRATTRAZIONE: LocaleServito: LocalFileSystem: Dev: JDWP: (Remote Only) ADB JDWP - PID List Hosting processes JDWP Transport ADB Install [L] [R] [-S] - Press this package files on the device and derÃ² ('-L' means inoltro- Block A. PP) ('-r' means reinstall the app, keeping its data) ('-s' means to install on SD card instead of memory Inter Nal) ADB Uninstall [-K] - Remove this package from APP device ('k' means keeping data directory and cache) adb bugreport - return all information from the device that should be included in a bug report. ADB Help - Show this message ADB Version Guide - version Show NUM AFTAOPTS: (No options) - Do not touch the -w data partition - Clean the -D data partition - Flash The data partition script: ADB Wait-For-Device - ADB Until the device is online ADB Start-Server - Make sure there is an ADB Kill-Server running server - kill the server if you are running ADB Get-States - Prints: Offline | Bootloader |. ADB Get-Serialno Device - Prints: ADB Status-Window - Continuously Print Device Status For a device Specifications D ADB Remount - i Return the system partition on the REP-SCRIPT ADB restart device [Bootloader | Recovery] - Restart the device, optionally in the ADB booloter of the Boo Tlotloader program or the recovery program - - The device in the ADB bootloader root - restart the ADBD daemon with Root ADB USB permissions - Restart the ADBD Daemon Listen to USB ADB TCPIP - Restart the Daemon ADBD listening to TCP on the specified network of the specified port: ADB PPP [Parameters] - Run PPP on USB. Note: A PPP connection should not be automatically started. refers to TTY for PPP flow. For instance. Dev: / dev / omap_csmi_tty1 [Parameters] - For example. Debug Debug Dismarf UsePeerdns NOTTY Local ADB Synchronization Note: ADB Sync [] can be interpreted in various ways: - if is not specified, both / system and / data partitions will be pdated . - If it is "system" or "data", only the corresponding partition is updated. C: Droid2Root> Microsoft Windows [version 6.1.7600] Copyright (C) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved. C: Users Jeremy> CD C: / Droidadb / Android-SDK-Windows / Tools C: Droidadb Android-SDK-Windows Tools> ADB Devices List of connected devices XXXXXXXXXXX Device C: Droidadb Android-SDK- Windows Tools> CD C: / Droid2root C: Droid2Root> ADB Push Superuser.APK / SDCard / SuperSer.APK Android Debug Bridge version 1.0.26 -D - Address the command to the only USB connected and return devices an error if more There is a USB device. -E - directs the command to the single execution emulator. Returns an error if more than one emulator is--s - direct command to the USB device or emulator with the specific serial number. Replaces Android_Seri to the environment variable. -P - Product name as simple as "First" or a relative / absolute path for a product out directory as "OUT / target / product / first". SE -P is not specified, the Android_product_out environment variable is used, which must be an absolute path. Devices - List all connected devices Connect : - Connect to a device via Disconnect TCP / IP : - Disconnect from a device Device TCP / IP Device: ADB Push - Copy / DIR file to ADB Pull device [] - copy file / dir from ADB Sync device [] - copy host-> device only if modified (see 'Help ADB Tutto') Shell ADB - Run Remote Shell ADB Shell with Shell - Running Command Remote Shell ADB EMU - Running Command Console Emulator ADB Command LogCAT [] - Displays the ADB Device Register - forward connections Forward specifications are one of: TCP: LocalTractotrattraction: LocalService: LocalFilesystem: Dev: JDWP: (Remote only) ADB JDWP - PID list of Hosting processes to JDWP Transport ADB Install [-L] [-R] [-S] - Press this package file on the device and derives it ('-L' means forwarding to. Pp) ('-r' means reinstalling the app, maintaining your data) ('-s' means installing on the SD card instead of the Inter Nal memory) ADB uninstall [-k] - remove this app package from the device ('-k' means maintaining data and cache directory) ADB BugReport - returns all information from the device that should be included in a bug report. Help ADB - Show this message ADB Guide Version - View Num version AFTAOPTS: (no option) - Do not touch the data partition -W - Clean the data partition -D - Flash The data partition script: ADB Wait-for-device - ADB lock until the device is online ADB Start-Server - Make sure there is an ADB Kill-Server running server - kill the server if you are running ADB Get-States - Offline | Bootloader |. ADB Get-Serialno Device - Prints: ADB Status-Window - Continuously Print Device Status For a device Specifications D ADB Remount - i Return the system partition on the REP-SCRIPT ADB restart device [Bootloader | Recovery] - Restart the device, optionally in the Tlotloader boo or in the ADB restore restore-bootloader restore - Restart the device in the ADB bootloader root - Restart the ADBD daemon with Root ADB USB permissions - Restart the ADBD Daemon Listening to USB ADB TCPIP - - The ADBD daemon listens to TCP on the specified network of the specified port: ADB PPP [Parameters] - Run PPP on USB. Note: A PPP connection should not be automatically started. refers to TTY for PPP flow. For instance. Dev: / dev / omap_csmi_tty1 [Parameters] - For example. DefaultRoute Debug Dump Local NOTTY UsePeerDNS ADB Sync Note Note: ADB Sync [] can be interpreted in different ways: - If is not specified, both / systems and data partitions will be pdated. - If it is "system" or "data", only the corresponding partition is updated. C: Droid2Root> I don't know if it is formatting, but it seems that your "ADB Push Superuser.apk / SDCard / Superuser.apk" line. There must be a space between superuser.apk and /sdcard/superusoer.apk. Without the destination, I imagine that ADB does not know what is happening. I don't know if it's formatting, but it seems that your line "ADB push superuser.apk / sdcard / superuseer.apk". There must be a space between superuser.apk and /sdcard/superusoer.apk. Without the destination, I imagine that ADB does not know what is happening. This. Just copy the commands from here so as not to have any kind of typing. To paste into the command window, you need to right-click and select Paste. Well yes, because the topics for "ADB Push" are the rows / routes of origin and destination. Obviously you need a space separates them. This is demonstrated in that "whole list of ADB commands" has been printed. No stopped on "mount -o rw, repotable -t ext3 / dev / block / mmcblk1p21 /" authorization denied authorization can not do anything I can't even come back now .... help please] [/ quote] this thing doesn't work . Initially I was blocked @ CP the files from the SDCard folder to the / System folder ... he was saying he can't find files ... while running LS / MNT / SDCard showed no file ... so I restarted the cause of the phone was going slow ... I need to say that first time I got # Second Time made again, but now I don't get a prompt # ... what could be wrong? I will wait only the GUI version. Thanks. Thanks it works great if you don't return to C: / Droid2Root Restart your phone and try again that the problem for me yes, I didn't work the first time. I realized I have not killed the ADB server from Task Manager before performing the execution of Shell ADB again. Restart the phone and try again allowed me to do it. So now I imagine if I get a Droid 2 as a substitute for my Droid 1 I don't have too much to worry about the thank you ......! It works great for never having rooted an Android device before. Barely even use the command prompt but followed the directions and worked as a charm. Now I'm tethering to my iPad through the Barnacle and I can stop wasting $ 20 a month. This thing doesn't work. Initially I was blocked @ CP the files from the SDCard folder to the / System folder ... he was saying he can't find files ... while running LS / MNT / SDCard showed no file ... so I restarted the cause of the phone was going slow ... I need to say that first time I got # Second Time made again, but now I don't get a prompt # ... what could be wrong? I will wait only the GUI version. Thanks. [/ Quote] Change: this thing works! Wooo ... N00B here, checking this root works. Page 4 Wow Droid 2 It is rooted before 2.2 Evo..SMH thanks !! Root reached in less than 3 minutes ..1st try didn't work but after restarting the phone, it was a smooth navigation. Relation of Barnacle installed set_cpu installed Linpack score installed 14.224 with set_cpu on performance resizing. Cute! Lol, my root is Delayed waiting for my d2 to finish his daily "freezing for five minutes and restart the routine. This piece of garbage is more stable as the old dynamite. Might think of making credit the first part of your post. Many other blogs They are saying it was XDA-DEV and it would have been nice to get Sebastian the attention that deserves this thing does not work. Initially I was blocked @ CP the files from the SDCard to / System folder. He was saying he can't find the files .. . While running Ls / mnt / sdcard showed no file ... So The phone cause was going slow ... I need to say that the first time I had # the second time he did everything again, but now I don't get a # ready ... what could it be wrong? I will just wait for the GUI version. Thanks. Edit: this thing works! Wooo ... [/ quote] What did you do to solve the problem? I'm having the same problem, as you ... now I'm not receiving the # ready .... hxxp: //handheld.softpedia.com/progdownload/motorola-handset-usb-driver-for-windows-64 bit-download -38124.html 64-bit drivers ^ screenshots, the application I used apparently sucks since it changed my reds to blue. But you still can still what everyone is: you might think of making credit the first part of your post. Many other blogs have to say was XDA-DEV and it would be good to get Sebastian the attention that deserves a good call, you moved. I believe that blogs will always say xDA, but Sebastian certainly deserves all the merit. I gave him this afternoon. Although the SBF takes some time, I am sure an app for a click root will be released in a day or two and will soon follow with a unroot feature on them thanks for the root, only I would have checked here before I just grabbed the hinge From the blog and understood the mount points in the hardest way. One step closer to getting that BS Bloatware my phone! He worked for me to the second attempt. The first time, I got only the $ prompt, not the # ready. After a reboot and another attempt, I got the prompt #. I uninstalled totally annoying consumption motorcycle drivers; On each connection, it has opened some useless VCAST page with audio in the browser. Anyone going away that Idea needs to be beaten meaningless. I'm new to do this all the way ADB. When you say the extract in a directory what is meant by extract. After you download the achive file your fact ..... I understand the rest of the controls, but I lost lost until there is a resumption that I would wait outside if I were you since you have no idea what You're doing too easy to brick something ... waiting for a recovery or a root app 1 click Still "Read only" system error file after Monto I tried five times and still without luck ... or makes it mount. You repeat my command and does not have an error, but it doesn't show me a short list of mounting parameters. Setup: - Install ADB (here) and Motorola driver for Windows (32-bit or 64-bit) - Download attachment Archive - Extracted in a directory, I used C: Droid2Root - Make sure you have enabled USB deguggings - Change the connection to Process mode mode: - Open command prompt - CD C: / where-your-sdk-tools-folder-Ã¨ - ADB Devices (to check the connection) - CD C: / Droid2Root - ADB push superuser.apk / sdcard / Superuser. APK - ADB Pushing Up / SDCard / DO - CD / Local / TMP Data - - ADB Push BusyBox / SDCard / BusyBox - ADB Push RageagaAinsTheCage-Arm5.Bin /Data/Local/TMP/rageAsinsTheCage-arm5.bin - ADB Shell Chmod 0755 RAGEAGAINSTHECAGE-ARM5.BIN - ./rageagaAinsTheCage-arm5.bin - Run the process until you return to C: / Droid2Root (have patience, but you may need to restart the phone) - CD C: / where-your- SDK- Tools-Folder-IS - Adb Devices (to check the connection) - ADB Shell (you should now have a # prompt #) - Mount -o RW, Remount -T EXT3 / Dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - CP / SDCARD / SUPERUSER .APK / SYSTEM / APP / SUPERUSER. APK - CP / SDCard / UP / SYSTEM / BIN / SU - CP / SDCard / BusyBox / System / Bin / BusyBox - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / Su - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / BusyBox - Mount -o RO, Remount -T EXT3 / DV / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - Output - Output This is the correct order ?? Can anyone confirm please? There should be no ADB Shell after the following operations:? - Command prompt - CD C: / where-your-sdk-tools-folder-Ã¨ - ADB Devices (to check the connection) * ADB Shell * Phone Information -> System Updates. I approached it yesterday before Rooting and definitively inserted the update because I thought it could be a correction for rooting. Thank you thank you, Hey, everything, I'm trying a root, but at the first phase when you have to use the ADB devices, the command prompt stops and crashes. I followed the instructions for a t before this. Page 8 I followed all the steps, including receiving a "#" prompt after typing "Shell ADB". It would seem that it has been successfully completed. However, the Superuser application does not appear in my app drawer, and other applications cannot get super-user rights. Suggestions? Change: tested a few times and, despite rageagaindthecage-arm5.bin does not cast me at the prompt, suddenly started working. Completely rooted now. Thank you gone. Last modified: August 26, 2010 Last modification: 27 Aug 2010 Help please boys, im new Droid and forums. I'm having a problem with the root process. I was able to do every step until I go to ADB Shell all you get is a $ sign. I tried everything I saw in this forum and I can't get to overcome it. Has this been shown to work on the Droid 2 with the update of 2.2 OTA? I think it could be my problem. If I'm wrong, someone please tell me. I was sitting here for 4 hours to work on this and I can't work. Just to reiterate, I tried the whole process 27 times, restart my phone between attempts and the server. I tried with Admin, without admin. I tried several variants in the way I break my phone, and even tried forcing the exploit to run from a direct command ready instead of going to the directory. I'm imploring, someone please help. Any new ideas would be very appreciated. Originally published by Netpeer this thing doesn't work. Initially I blocked @ CP the files from the SDCard to the folder..it system / he was saying he can't find the files ... while you do ls / mnt / sdcard showed no file ... so I shared the phone cause He was going slow ... I need to say that the first time I had # the second time he did everything again, but now I don't get a # ready ... what could it be wrong? I will wait only the GUI version. Thanks. Edit: this thing works! Wooo ... what did you do to solve it? I'm having the same problem, as you ... now I'm not receiving the # ready .... [/ quote] I had this same problem. The problem was ADB would not see my Droid X unless it were in USB storage mode. In this mode it didn't allow me to do the "ADB Push" commands at the SDCard. So basically what you have to do is place up, superuser.apk and BusyBox in another folder. I used / tmp. (I used the free FTPSServer program on the market, for FTP files in the TMP folder) after having 3 copied to / tmp files I practically came back and did the rest of these steps starting here; ADB devices (to check the connection) - Shell ADB (now should have a prompt #, if not going back to ./Rage step above) - Mount -o RW, Rimpotype -T EXT3 / Dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - CP / tmp / superusoer.apk /system/app/superusoer.apk - cp / tmp / s / system / bin / su - cp / tmp / bushbox / system / bin / buskbox - chmod 4755 / system / bin / su - chmod 4755 / System / Bin / BusyBox - Mount -o RO, Remount -T EXT3 / DV / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - Output - Exit then, after the root was working again. Last modified: 26 August 2010 Hey, all, I'm looking for a root, but in the first phase where you need to use ADB devices, the command stops prompt and stops. I followed the instructions for a t before this. I'm not sure. Have you installed the drivers? Are you in PC mode? i226.photobucket.com/albums/dd109/bl4kh4t/progress.jpg I am a new user so that you will not allow me to publish the image ... This SDK installation has already had hours and doesn't seem to be done soon .. . It's all this I'm installing too much? It is installing obsolete things now ... yes you need only 2.2 if nothing. Guys, I'm new to Droid and forums. I'm having a problem with the root process. I was able to do every step until I go to ADB Shell all you get is a $ sign. I tried everything I saw in this forum and I can't get to overcome it. This has been shown to work on the Droid 2 2 Update 2.2 OTA? I think it could be my problem. If I'm wrong someone then please tell me. I was sitting here for 4 hours of work on this and I can't make it work. Just to reiterate, I tried the whole process 27 times, restart my phone between attempts and the server. I tried with Admin, without admin. I tried several variants in the way I break my phone, and even tried forcing the exploit to run from a direct command ready instead of going to the directory. I suspend, someone please help. Any new ideas would be very appreciated. Yes, it works with 2.2. Refers to the first or second adb shell? The first ADB Shell will give you a $ sign and okay. Ok, then on a Mac when you type in CD and drag my SDK tool file over I get ADB access. When I type in CD and drag the Droid2Root folder to ID access terminals. How do I keep access adb? I need guys help, I'm new to Droid and forums. I'm having a problem with the root process. I was able to do every step until I go to ADB Shell all you get is a $ sign. I tried everything I saw in this forum and I can still be able to overcome it. What was proven to work on the Droid 2 with the 2.2 OTA update? I think it could be my problem. If I'm wrong someone then please tell me. I was sitting here for 4 hours of work on this and I can't make it work. Just to reiterate, I tried the whole process 27 times, restart my phone between attempts and the server. I tried with Admin, without admin. I tried several variants in the way I break my phone, and even tried forcing the exploit to run from a direct command ready instead of going to the directory. I suspend, someone please help. Any new ideas would be very appreciated. I wonder if this answers my question on time or not an update from Verizon would disable my root access because I had a request to update my phone once last night that I canceled and once this morning I have too Canceled because I thought it could keep me to get root access or take it away after getting access as root. OK! I got it. I don't know what I did, but it worked. This job even with the latest VZW updates !! I just gave up for a while and tried again from above. He worked for me at the end. Thanks a lot to everyone. Now Im excited about my phone lol. Ok, then on a Mac when you type in CD and drag my SDK tool file over I get ADB access. When I type in CD and drag the Droid2Root folder to ID access terminals. How do I keep access adb? I need help I don't use a Mac but I think when dragging the Droid2Root folder in the terminal you are changing the current work directory. If ADB commands do not work then you have installed the "path". I use Linux and is made as in this example and can work for a Mac ?? (obviously replace the fields in brackets with computer positions. This is also temporary and reset once the terminal or the terminal is closed or the Logout then login. Open the terminal and type the following:. Path = / Home / "Your_Name_Here" / "SDK_Folder_Directory_Name" / ADB or you may also try copying the contents of the Droid2Root folder in the SDK folder tools that should work too last modification : Linux and is made as in this example and can For a Mac ??, (obviously replace the fields in brackets with the positions on the computer. This is also temporary and resets once you close the terminal or logout then login. Open the terminal and type the following: Path = / home / "your_n ame_here" / "sdk_folder_directory_name" / adb or you could also try copying the contents of the Droid2Root folder in the SDK folder tools. What should work work See .. Greg-Hardings-MacBook-Pro: ~ Greg24 $ CD / Users / Users / Greg24 / Desktop / Android / Tools Greg-Hardings-MacBook-Pro: Greg24 $ Tools ./Adb Android Debug Bridge version 1.0.26 -d - Direct command to the other connected USB device Returns an error if it is present more than a USB device. -E - directs the command to the single execution emulator. Returns an error if more than one emulator is running. -S - direct command to the USB device or emulator with the specific serial number. Replaces the Android_serial environment variable. -P - Product name as simple as "First" or a relative / absolute path for a product out directory as "OUT / target / product / first". SE -P is not specified, the Android_product_out environment variable is used, which must be an absolute path. Devices - List all connected devices Connect : - Connect to a device via Disconnect TCP / IP : - Disconnect from a device Device TCP / IP Device: ADB Push - Copy / DIR file to ADB Pull device [] - copy file / dir from ADB Sync device [] - copy host-> device only if modified (see 'Help ADB Tutto') Shell ADB - Run Remote Shell ADB Shell with Shell - Running Command Remote Shell ADB EMU - Running Command Console Emulator ADB Command LogCAT [] - Displays the ADB Device Register - forward connections Forward specifications are one of: TCP: LocalTractotrattraction: LocalService: LocalFilesystem: Dev: JDWP: (Remote only) ADB JDWP - PID list of Hosting processes to JDWP Transport ADB Install [-L] [-R] [-S] - Press this package file on the device and install it ('-L' means blocking forward the AP. p) (Â «-R 'means reinstalling the app, maintaining your data) (' -S 'means installing on the SD card instead of the internal memory) ADB uninstall [-K] - remove this app package from Device ('-k' means maintaining data and cache directory) ADB BuGreport - Return all information from the device that should be included in a bug report. Help ADB - Show this message ADB Guide Version - View Num version AFTAOPTS: (no option) - Do not touch the data partition -W - Clean the data partition -D - Flash The data partition script: ADB Wait-for-device - ADB lock until the device is online ADB Start-Server - Make sure there is an ADB Kill-Server running server - kill the server if you are running ADB Get-States - Prints: Offline | Bootloader |. ADB Get-Serialno Device - Prints: ADB-Window Window - Continuously Print Device Status For a Specified ADB Remount device - Removal the partition / System System on the ADB device to read the restart device [Bootloader | Recovery] - Restart the device, optionally in the bootloader or recovery program ADB restart-bootloader - Restart the device in the root of the ADB booterer: restart the ADBD daemon with Root ADB ADB USB permissions - Restart the ADBD Daemon Listening to USB ADB TCPIP - Restart the ADBD daemon Listening to TCP on the specified port: ADB PPP [Parameters] - Run PPPs on USB. Note: A PPP connection should not be automatically started. refers to TTY for PPP flow. For instance. Dev: / dev / omap_csmi_tty1 [Parameters] - For example. Debug debug local debugging notty useppeerdns adb sync note note: sync adb [] can be interpreted in different ways: - if is not specified, both / partitions of E / data will be updated. - If it is "system" or "data", only the corresponding partition is updated. Greg-Hardings-MacBook-Pro: Greg24 $ Tools ./Adb Devices List of connected devices "My" Device Greg-Hardings-MacBook-Pro: Greg24 $ Tools CD / Library / Droid2root Greg-Hardings-MacBook-Proroid2Root Greg24 $ ./ - ADB push superuser.apk /sdcard/superusoer.apk -bash: ./-: No rows or directory Greg-Hardings-MacBook-Proroid2Root Greg24 $ For all of you have problems with rooting, try to restart your phone every time restarts a step that Work and kill the adb.exe process in the task manager and start again. I had a lot of the same problems that are sent and eventually worked. Here are some suggestions. Make sure that under Settings / Applications you have unknown sources otherwise superners will not be executed. On the side when you have to wait ... even after you get the C: Droid2ROOT ready to introduce yourself ... wait a little more .... Wait for 30 seconds to 1 minute just to be safe. The phone is equipped to reconnect to the PC after seeing the C: Droid2Root ready. Doing it too soon is why many of you are having the file / folder not found problem. Hi I've always been able to tie with my Droid 2 from day 1, it means that my phone is already rooted. I use azilink at the cavious. Last modified: August 27, 2010 Just gave the root a try and worked as a sample. However I met a path accident after the piece of steps below. Fyi I'm using Win7 64 bit so I don't know if tied to win7 or not, but from the other posts it seems that it could be. - ./rageagaindtthecage-arm5.bin - Run the process until you calm out (can take a minute or two) - CD C: / folder-anywhere-your-sdk-tools-Ã¨ - adb devices (To check the connection) - ADB Shell (you should now have a # ready, if you don't go back to step ./Rage above I received only the $ and I didn't try it # RECEIVE THE STEP ./RAGE, but nothing to do next 2 attempts so .. what I did after it was to kill both instances of ADB in the task manager and closed the cmd prompt and I shared my phone after these are the steps I followed - open command prompt - cd c : .. / where-your-sdk-tools -Cartella-IS - ADB Devices (to check the connection) - ADB Shell - CD / Local / TMP data - ./rageagaAssTheCage-arm5.bin - Run the process until you calciate out (can request one or two minutes) - CD C: / where-your-sdk-tools-folder-is - adb devices (to check the connection) - adb shell (you should now have A # ready, if you don't go back to step ./rage above) From here I got the # prompt of how I should have and the rest of the takes step like butter. So if someone else stops I hope this helps ya. Once I have here: cd c: / droid2root - adb push superuser.apk /sdcard/superuser.apk I can't push the file, my phone is presented and adb devices I have not installed any drivers, since my incredible is ¨ Radicato and all drivers * should already be installed !! Page 9 See .. Greg-Harding-MacBook-Pro: ~ Greg24 $ CD / Users / Greg24 / Table / Android / Greg-Harding Tools-MacBook-Pro: Greg24 $ Tools ./adb Android version Debug Bridge 1.0.26 - D - Direct command for the return of the USB device only Connect an error if more than one USB device is present. -E - directs the command to the single execution emulator. Returns an error if more than one emulator is running. -S - direct command to the USB device or emulator with the serial number. Environment variable Replacements Android_serial. -P - Product name as simple as "First" or a relative / absolute path for a product out directory as "OUT / target / product / first". SE -P is not specified, the Android_product_out environment variable is used, which must be an absolute path. Devices - List of all connected devices connect : - Connection to a device using TCP / IP disc disc / IP : - interrupt a device controls TCP / IP device: ADB thrust < REMOTE> - Copy / DIR operations for ADB Device TRACTION [] - Copy / DIR operations from the Sync ADB device [] - Host-> Device only if it has changed (see 'ADB Help All') ADB Shell - Remote remote covers interactively ADB Shell - Run the remote control of the ADB EMU covers - Run Command Emulator Adb LogCat Console [] - View ADB Device Registry Next - Socket Connections forward Spec Next Are One of: TCP: LocaLabstract: Localreserved: LocalFilesystem: Dev: JDWP: (Remote Only) ADB JDWP - PID List of Processes hosting ADB TRANSPORT JDWP JDWP [-L] [-r] [-s] - push this file package file and install it (means '-l' forward-lock app) ('-r' means reinstalling the application, maintaining its data) (means '-s' installation on SD card, instead of internal memory) ADB uninstallation [-k] - Remove this app package from the device (means '-k' keep the cache data and directories) ADB BuGROPPORT - Return all information from the device that should be included in a report bug. Help ADB - Show this message ADB Guide Version - View Num version AFTAOPTS: (no option) - Do not touch the data partition -W - Clean the data partition -D - Flash The data partition script: ADB Wait-for-device - ADB lock until the device is online ADB Start-Server - Make sure there is an ADB Kill-Server running server - kill the server if you are running ADB Get-States - Prints: Offline | Bootloader |. ADB Get-Serialno device - Prints: ADB Status-Window - Continuously print the device status for a specific ADB device remount - The system partition is back / on the ADB writing device restart [Bootloader | Recovery] - Restart the device, optionally in the bootloader or recovery program ADB restart-bootloader - restarts the device in the ADB bootloader root - restarts the ADBD daemon with the Root ADB USB permissions - Restart the ADBD DEMON listening on ADB TCPIP USB - Restart the ADBD Demon Listening to TCP on the creation of specified port networks: ADB PPP [Parameters] - Run PPP on USB. Note: A PPP connection should not be automatically started. refers to TTY for PPP flow. For instance. Dev: / dev / omap_csmi_tty1 [Parameters] - For example. Debug Debug Dismarf Usepeerdns Notty Local ADB Synchronization Note: ADB Sync [] can be interpreted in various ways: - If is not specified, both / system and / data partitions will be updated. - If it is "system" or "data", only the corresponding partition is updated. Greg-Harding-MacBook-Pro: Greg24 $ ./DB tools Devices List of connected devices "My" Device Greg-Harding-MacBook-Pro: Greg24 $ CD / Library tools / Droid2Root Greg-Harding-MacBook-Proroid2Root Greg24 $ ./ - ADB push superuser.apk /sdcard/superuser.apk -bash: ./-: no such file or directory greg-harding-macbook-proroide2root greg24 $ okay..i'm determined to help. 1 Â ° Step: From directory / library / droid2root you can correctly run shell ./adb? And shell in the phone. If then not a driver is necessary for Macs. On my system when I run ADB devices I get this [email, protected]: ~ $ ADB Devices List of connected devices 015D80xxxxxxxxxx device (replaced real numbers with x of) Show the # phone serial, I see your say of "my" device ?? I think you need to set path again. I found the following instructions here in place # 4 Download the Android SDK for Macintosh at: Android SDK | Android developers - Extract it - Download FastBoot for OSX (if not included with SDK) - FastBoot extract and insert it into your / folder tools. - Open a terminal window - Type: Pico .bash_profile (this will create a .bash_profile) - Type the following in the new screen: Path Export = $ {path}: / Tools - hit cntrl + x - y hit (for Yes to save) - you return to the screen ¢ terminal | Type: Exit - RESTART terminal. - So you can use ADB commands as you would on a PC. To verify this, connect the device to (make sure your in debug mode), then type "ADB Devices" in the new terminal window. It should appear with a number. This means that they are in place. I think you want to have your "{path}: / Tools" I wait like {Path}: / Users / Greg24 / Table / Android / Tools I had to ask this first but activate your USB debugging ?? Good luck Last modification: 27 Aug 2010 I changed my say in the post okay..i'm determined to help. 1 Â ° Step: From directory / library / droid2root you can correctly run shell ./adb? And shell in the phone. If then not a driver is necessary for Macs. On my system when I run ADB devices I get this [email, protected]: ~ $ ADB ADB List of connected devices 015d80xxxxxxxxxxxx device (replaced real numbers with x) shows the serial number of the phone, I see your "mio" device ?? I think you need to set your path again. I found the following instructions here at the post # 4 download the Android SDK for Macintosh at: Android SDK | Android Developers - Extract - Download FastBoot for OSX (if not included with SDK) - Rapid extracts and place it in the folder / Tools. - Open a terminal window - Type: Pico .bash_profile (this CreerÃ a.bash_profile) - Type the following in the new screen: Export Path = $ {route}: / Tools - hit cntrl + x - hit y (for yes for Save) - return to you at the terminal screen ¢ â‚¬ | Type: Exit - Rester Terminal. - So you can use your ADB commands as you would do on a PC. To test this, connect the device (make sure it is in debug mode), type "ADB devices" in the new terminal window. It should be viewed with a number. This means you're nice to go. I think you want to have your "{path}: / Tools" Resemble this {route}: / Users / Greg24 / Desktop / Android / Tools you should have asked this before but you have enabled USB debugging ?? Good luck sent from my Droid2 using the XDA app another update: I just released a script in three parts that roll the phone. Have a version for Windows and Linux, and I think the Linux version also works for Mac. Go here for more information! Another update: Procedure for Root The Droid 2 and Droid X on Linux (Ubuntu) Here: / showpost.php? P = 8103311 & postcount = 340 Update: This rooting process works is 2.2.19.A955 and 2.2.20.A955! This method is claimed to work even for Droid X running Froyo 2.2 !!! Hello to all. Thanks to everything that has previously contributed to simplify the rooting process. I'd like to pay a little forward and add some notes to help others understand how to root their Droid phone 2. Please read my notes before making the steps! I hope it is helpful. A lot of mistakes / problems that people are entering is because they haven't read the notes! Furthermore, pay attention to the commands. Puntose tips, spaces, clash directions, casings, all these import and make all differences. I used the instructions and files from the original post here. There is no guarantee at this information. By simply providing him to help others root the phone. If you **** your Droid2, you **** I can't be held responsible. The process is not difficult. The instructions were a bit vague, though, and that's why I added my notes. For everyone's information, they are running Windows XP SP3, 32 Bit. Edit: I inserted bold commands so that you know what you need to enter in the command prompt. Copy and paste commands in the command prompt. You will save you a lot of time. Reduces your chances to make a mistake. And you'll be happier. Highlight commands here and edit / copy or Ctrl + C, then in the command prompt window, right-click and paste! Edit: If you are new or you haven't rooted, ignore this comment. If you have already done the phone root on 2.2.19 using this method and you updated to 2.2.20, you can jump to the first Kirby Applications-> Development, check the USB debugging. - Change the connection to the PC mode when connecting the phone to your computer with USB, there should be a warning in Ã ¢ â‚¬ Å "Window Blind.Ã ¢ â‚¬ Select the detected USB connection and choose the PC mode. The phone should disconnect from the computer and reconnect again. Process: - Open the command prompt [Start menu-> Run-> cmd.exe] - Switch to the Tools folder in Android-SDK-Windows in the command prompt. CD C: / Android-SDK-Windows / Tools The command line prompt should now say something like: C: Android-SDK-Windows tools> - ADB devices (to check the connection) [You should see a device listed .] [These subsequent 4 steps, after entering each, you will see a quantity of data transferred.] - ADB Push superuser.apk /sdcard/superusoer.apk - ADB Push on / sdcard / su - ADB Pushbox / SDCard / BuyBox - ADB Press RAGEAGAINSTHECAGE-ARM5.BIN /DATA/LOCAL/TMP/RAGEAGAINSTHECAGE-RM5.BIN - SHELL ADB [The command line should start with a Ã ¢ â‚¬ å "$ Ã ¢ â‚¬" instead of C: ADB devices List of devices connected 015A935C11015016 Device C: ASD K Tools> ADB push superuser.apk /sdcard/superuser.apk Impossible to copy 'superuser.apk' to '/sdcard/superuser.apk': has permission denied any idea what am I wrong? ADB will not recognize my phone in PC mode, so they are in USB storage mode (with the USB debugging enabled.) The phone cannot see the SDCard in USB USB storage mode. You cannot be in that mode and expect this to work. But .... if you are in USB storage mode, you probably have the phone SD card mounted on your computer, then simply copy that apk up SD card in this way, rather than using "ADB push" for this. Obviously, then you won't be able to see the / sdcard when you're later "adb shell" ..... someone uses a mac there is someone who has done this for use of a mac? I have a Droid X, but I heard that it works to root our phones to 2.2. I believe that some commands can be inserted different by using a Mac. Edit: (-Bash: ADB: Command not found) After entering ./adb ./adb And recognizing my device is what I get. Any suggestions? Last modified: August 27, 2010 Is there anyone who did this to use a Mac? I have a droid x, but I heard that works to root our phones on 2.2. I think some commands can be entered using a different Mac. Edit: (-bash: adb: command not found) After entering ./ADB devices and recognizing my device is what I get. Any suggestions? Again, if anyone has "adb: command not found" on any operating system, means that the ADB program is not in your path. Adjust first. Page 10 I just wanted to thank you all so much for making my first phone hacking so pleasant! I was pretty nervous, but the hardest part was taking a adb setting up and talk to my phone (I had actually read stuff ... ugh). After that, it was a breeze. Great walk through! Now I go to find out all the interesting things you can do and how to do it. Buy my first smartphone. Check. Play with it for two weeks. Check. Root, and go to town ..... so I did not have a problem as long as © have not arrived at the CHMOD and tells me, unable to chmod / system / bin / On No Such file or directory How can I overcome this? Android Newbie here - I have just bought my D2 Saturday. As I said, this is my first Android device (I come from the BB) ground but I have some Linux experience. I followed the instructions Darkonion and was able to root my phone on the first try. For anyone hesitant or have problems, be sure to fully adapt itself Darkonion Guide and you should have no problems. Also, I had previously installed the OTA update released just this week and did not affect my ability to root your phone. Big thanks to everyone who contributed. Last 28 August 2010 Everyone seemed to be going fine as long as © did not try to "push" the Bin file. I received a permission error every time I tried to do something involving the / tmp directory. I was able to push the individual files as UP and SUPERUSER to SDCARD, but if I left the SDK Tools folder, he told me that "adb" was an invalid command and did not exist. My workaround has been to remain in the SDK Tools folder and run the commands in there (but specifying the file-specific positions that I was pushing) but I was blocked on access denied trying to push the RageaGainstthecage-ARM5 file .bin. From what I can tell, I did everything correctly, in addition to having to stay in the Tools folder, but it should not matter since I was specifying the positions properly. I was in PC mode and have enabled USB debugging. I followed all the instructions ... Last modified: August 28, 2010 Let's say you're trying to root a phone like the Droid X and Droid 2, but not quite the same. How do you know which files to back mmcblk1 "Mount -o rw, rimpot -t ext3 / dev / block / mmcblk1p21 /" system turned on when copying files Up and SuperUser.apk? Also, running the factory reset via the privacy menu Restore all these things? How long is this reset? I've been sitting here for 15 minutes now and its ADB connection will be restored. Restart the ADB Desktop server and relog in. And the next line is "$". It should go back to c: / Droid2 / tools? N / M was last modified 28 August 2010 We got everything and IM SETUP RIGHT UP TO THIS STEP: ADB PUSH SUPERUSER.APK /SDCARD/SUPERUSER.APK When you come, says "The system can not find the message in the message for the message number 0x2331 in the message file for the application. "So I tried to do" adb "and hitting ENTER, the same problem. So I think it's a Windows problem. idea? The ADB commands seem to work when the CD-TO TOOLS folder. But once the CD to the Droid2Root folder there is the message mentioned above. Edit: I understand. Without rooted. Instead of putting "adb" I put the full path to adb.exe. He made makeup. Last modified: 28 August 2010 I followed the steps and everything worked perfectly. From $ to # and at every step in the middle. Super User is on my phone and the apps can use it. However, also the apps such as Super-user terminals do not allow permission to move or delete protected files as Amazonmp3. Recommendations? I followed the steps and everything worked impeccably. From $ to # and at every step in the middle. Super User is on my phone and the apps can use it. However, even the apps like super-user terminals do not allow permission to move or delete protected files as Amazonmp3. Recommendations? I used titanium backup. I was able to uninstall Amazonmp3 and some other things. Droid 2 root im has not really familiarity with adb, but in a single pass where C: / everywhere-your-sdk-tools-folder-is ---- how should we actually know where it is? or do you actually type this? Perfect, followed the steps on page 17, had to restart the D2 a few times. It works great! Fu Motorola thank you guys! Kindle Amazon Gone Gone Blockbuster Gone Last modified: 28 August 2010 Noob Droid Rooter but it works! Wow, thank you all, I thought it would be extremely difficult to do ... I did it! These instructions were incredible. For those who have problems, it has not restarted my command prompt after making the anger phase and entered the task manager and I finished the 2 ADB activities running on my Windows Vista. So those who have problems could do it, I haven't closed both at the beginning and gave me the reading error file. After finishing both worked, I can use Barnacle Tether thanks to all of you !!! Im not really familiar with adb, but at that stage in which you say c: / where-your-sdk-tools-folder-is ---- how do we know in reality where it is? or do you actually type this? Whenever you have installed the Android SDK, as you said to do in the instructions, you would have installed it in a folder and inside that folder is the tools folder you are looking for. I really have no familiarity with adb, but in a single step where C: / everywhere-your-sdk-tools-folder-is ---- how should we actually know where it is? or do you actually type this? First you download ADB, then download the files at the bottom of the first post, extract the ADB files into a folder you create can be anywhere, but they did C: Droid2ROOT, you can only go to the computer resources, C: e Just click on any place and select "Create new folder", then enter the ADB files in lÃ, once the ADB files are in the ADB tools folder and paste the 4 files you downloaded there. So the Goto command prompt and follow the instructions when it says, CD C: do it where the tool folder is on your computer. I really have no familiarity with adb, but in a single step where C: / everywhere-your-sdk-tools-folder-is ---- how should we actually know where it is? or do you actually type this? If you go to page 17. Post # 166 or something. Whatever my post ... I took the instructions from the original poster and added my notes to it. ADB is available in a .rar file or something. When extracting, you will have a file structure. The name of the folder by default, in Windows, is "Android-SDK-Windows". Within that folder is the set-up.exe file and 5, 6 or 7 folders. One of these is the tool folder. What you have to do is get to the tool folder. When you arrive in step, you need to put something like this in: CD C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools Tools I highly recommend checking my instruction notes on page 17. They had to help us the easiest cruise illiterate computer through The root process. Page 11 Droid X: It worked great. Thanks! Update Safe Hey Guys. I received all this, and I heard as if I wanted to worship now after bing without root for a week after the transition from D1. In any case, great questin, which I can't really look for (computer is low and typin D2) Is this function secure root sequence for the last update Verizon sent our way? I don't want to update if you lose root access, but if necessary to find out. Thanks in advance, and I'm sorry if this has been covered in the last 20 pages, I haven't just had time to read each on your phone. Looking to manage vanilla vanilla version Android on my droid 2. Will rooting make this possible or what exactly will it be this allows me to do? If the question does not belong here please I am in the right direction. It works on 2.2.20 I also successfully rooted my Droid 2 when he was upgraded 2.2.19, then yes the OTA update for 2.2.20. It was hesitant at first to install the update since I don't want to lose root. But at the end tired of the annoying screen every 12 hours so we went ahead and installed the update .. the update does not root remove (the permisesions setuid up and busybox) but it does not prevent re-rooting, follow the same instructions, but there's no need to copy files from anywhere, just fix the permissions on & on busybox - connect the phone as usual - shell ADP - cd / data / local / tmp - ./rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin - to Work the process until 'kick out (may take one minute or two) - ADB Devices (to check the connection) - ADB Shell (now you should have a prompt #, if you don't go back to step ./rage above) - Mount -O RW, Remount -T EXT3 / DV / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / SYSTEM - CHMOD 4755 / System / BIN / SU - Chmod 4755 / System / Bin / BusyBox - LS -L / System / Bin / Up (you should see -RWSR -XR-X, the S is the most important part indicating that the file is setuid, ie it is performed with root permissions) - Mount -O RO, Remount -T EXT3 / Dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System - Exit is all I did, and was able to restore the ro OT on my cell phone. Following the instructions on page 17 he worked without problems for me after a hard reset of the D2 (pulled the battery and all the rest) Barnacle Tether works a-ok and so backup titanium! Question ... now I have all the way for the part I need to type ./rageagaindtthecage-arm5.bin and get CVE-2010-Easy main local Android Exploit bla bla [*] ADB connection will be restored. Restart ADB Server on desktop and re-login. $ And it does nothing. I left to rest for 5 minutes and nothing happened. Im using my Droid X and its on USB Debugging and Windows Media Sync The phone will turn off and turn it back on. Just go ahead and start the next step after this happens. The same happened to me. Question ... Now I have all the way to the part where I need to type ./rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin and get CVE-2010-EASY Android local root exploits bla bla [*] ADB connection will be restored. Restart ADB Server on desktop and re-login. $ And it does nothing. I left to rest for 5 minutes and nothing happened. Im using my Droid X and his on USB Debugging and Windows Media Sync this step takes a while. Just leave to rest for a while longer. I don't know how long it takes me to wash the dishes, but it took some time and when I returned, it was still in progress. In the end he arrived, and kicked me back to MS-DOS. I wondered if someone can tell me what I'm doing? I rooted my phone on Wednesday and right now, I'm trying to update your phone, but it is said that the update has failed. Confused so I thought all this was quite simple and easy, but I'm running in a problem when it comes to pushing files to the sdcard. Every time I say to push a certain file (superuser.apk, busybox, up, or rageagaindthecage-arm5.bin) bring the ADB information in the foreground, like the way to use it and what all the entrances do. Not sure if it's true or not, but then when I get: $ chmod 0755 rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin It comes up with this: Can not chmod rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin: No such file or directory I added adb to the path and not It's never tells me permission denied or nothing, I have USB Debugging up and are in PC mode, what I'm doing wrong? Edit: I missed a space in Input commands. : / But now it works! Last modified: August 31, 2010 worked for me. Devised to try twice, but got it to work in less than an hour. Instructions on page 17 of this discussion really did a great job of me walking through it. Heads up, when it is said that it is reboot, give time (mine took like 6 minutes to return to the command prompt.) Furthermore, I don't know if it makes the difference, but you might want to put your yours In plane mode when you're doing it. Nandroid? Can we make Nandroid backups without recovering a recovery? I remember my Eris that you could create a Nandroid backup before raring so that if you screw if you simply screw some commands and restore the Nandroid backup not rooted without even having Amon's or clockwork installed on your phone. Maybe I lost something first, I'm new to this. Secondly, I was able to the following: Setup: - Install ADB (here) and Motorola driver for Windows (32 bit or 64-bit) - Download Archive Attachment - Extracted in a directory, I used C: Droid2Root - Sure to have the enabled USB degugging - change connection to the PC mode process: - Open command prompt - CD C: / everywhere-your-sdk-tools-folder-is-adb (to check the connection) - CD C: / Droid2root but when I arrive at this part I get this error in the CMD line: "impossible" cannot be "superuser.apk ': no directory or directory of this type" so I can't go beyond when it won't be pushed. - ADB Push superuser.apk /sdcard/superusoer.apk Any help to be appreciated. Page 12 First of all I am new. Secondly, I was able to the following: Setup: - Install ADB (here) and Motorola driver for Windows (32 bit or 64-bit) - Download Archive Attachment - Extracted in a directory, I used C: Droid2Root - Sure to have the enabled USB degugging - change connection to the PC mode process: - Open command prompt - CD C: / everywhere-your-sdk-tools-folder-is-adb (to check the connection) - CD C: / Droid2root but when I arrive at this part I get this error in the CMD line: "impossible" cannot be "superuser.apk ': no directory or directory of this type" so I can't go beyond when it won't be pushed. - ADB Push superuser.apk /sdcard/superusoer.apk Any help to be appreciated. Go to the post # 164. essentially, you have to put the superuser.apk and the other files in the tools folder. Read my notes on that post. So I tried this method about 3 times, and I still end up in a similar point. Once cmd came out and restarts the phone, I go to the superuser and show nothing. Opens a screen that says the superuser permissions at the top and only a black screen below it. Where did I go wrong? So I tried this method about 3 times, and I still end up in a similar point. Once cmd came out and restarts the phone, I go to the superuser and show nothing. Opens a screen that says the superuser permissions at the top and only a black screen below it. Where did I go wrong? I think you are set. Go to Adfree or WiFi Tethering (Google). If you can perform those two, you are rooted. When I opened my superuser, he shows me a list of all my apps that require root / super user. I can't wait to try this when I go home. * Edit - I just tried, hit some obstacles. I had to leave the phone on "Media Sync" so that the computer saw it. Followed even the one on # 164 (?), Since I am new to life Droid [Apple Convert] Thank you guys !! Last modified: 31 Aug 2010 Rooting I actually took the Chmod step to work. Now I'm running the right step before you call you back to the normal DOS command. the ./rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin Step. The permission denied continues. Does anyone know why? Last modified: 31 Aug 2010 I can't wait to try this when I come home. * Edit - I just tried, hit some obstacles. I had to leave the phone on "Media Sync" so that the computer saw it. Followed even the one on # 164 (?), Since I am new to life Droid [Apple Convert] Thank you guys !! I'm glad my clipboard helped. It's not perfect, but I'm glad you had fewer problems with my notes. Last modified: 31 2010 Go to the post # 164. essentially, you have to put the superuser.apk and the other files in the tools folder. Read my notes on that post. Thank you, I think I'm now rooted. So you will indicate in the right direction on how to remove the things I don't want on my phone and other suggestions / goodies I can do since I have rooted. Thanks again the Rooting ok sorry for the third post. I had everything and now im the part where you strike you in DOS. The first time he didn't give me the # so I did it And it was like half an hour. Does anyone else have this happening? Hmmm ... I won't always remove things. But you can use titanium backup or another program that can do it. Get now. I see my superuser icon when I go to it, as soon as you arrive with special permissions and then in white ... is it normal? Remember that I'm new and I'm sorry if my questions are redundant or annoying. Thanks again. Edit: I answered my question lol! Last modified: August 31, 2010, I too am completely new to rooting. I followed the directions of Darkonion and everything went exactly as it should for how much I can say. I see the superuser permissions icon in my app drawer but when I open it nothing happens. It is completely black with the name of the app at the top. Where did I go wrong? I too am completely new for cheering. I followed the directions of Darkonion and everything went exactly as it should for how much I can say. I see the superuser permissions icon in my app drawer but when I open it nothing happens. It is completely black with the name of the app at the top. Where did I go wrong? I don't think you went wrong. I think you're good. Go to install some apps that require root! Hi everything, I followed the instructions here and the phone works like a dream. The only problem I am having is that now when I connect my phone into the computer (installed driver, the activated USB debugging), the USB debugging does not activate in PC mode. It turns on in the USB mass storage mode and only loads, but always turns off in PC mode. Does anyone else live that problem or have a solution? Thank you very much, Justin Hi All, I followed the instructions here and the phone works like a dream. The only problem I am having is that now when I connect my phone into the computer (installed driver, the activated USB debugging), the USB debugging does not activate in PC mode. It turns on in the USB mass storage mode and only loads, but always turns off in PC mode. Does anyone else live that problem or have a solution? Thank you very much, Justin I have the exact same problem, but I'm not too worried because I'm rooted! It only means that I have to navigate through settings-> Applications-> Development and control or deselect the "Debug of USB" check box. So the feature is not really lost; It is only the notification icon only works in the USB mass storage mode. However, if there is a solution there outside, it would be greatly appreciated. Thanks again to Darkonon for the notes of him and Sebastian Krahmer for the root process. Something is wrong on this prom command ..... ok, then after installing both files and removing them to CD C: / Droid2root that I would like to reach the next step and the ADB device, but only says that ADB is not recognized . ... The Droid 2 is in PC mode and USB Debuggin is to enable but this doesn't work. I'm using Windows 7 Ultimate. What could be wrong in a positive way. Im past I had and HTC Pro 2 and U was able to unlock it to add custom ROMs and that it went well. What happens with this? Is there any videos that could be done for YouTube showing all these steps made with a Droid 2? (Which will make the difference) Most say that it worked for them and this is everything. Apart from that, it is hoped that someone can invent and a simpler method or maybe even an application to this just as they must be to iPhones Jailbreak. Page 13 OK, then after installing both files and removing them to CD C: / Droid2Root that I would like to get to the next step and the ADB device, but it only says that ADB is not recognized .... The Droid 2 is in PC mode and USB Debuggin is enabled but this doesn't work. I'm using Windows 7 Ultimate. What could be wrong in a positive way. I'm the past I had and HTC 2 And you managed to unlock it to add custom ROMs and this went well. What happens with this? Is there a video that could be done for YouTube showing all these steps is done with a Droid 2? (Which will make the difference) Most say that it worked for them and this is everything. Apart from that, it hopes that someone will be easier to the method or maybe even an application to this one just as they must iPhones. You should read post # 164 if you don't already do it. It may be because there is no ADB program in the folder currently in which you are currently. It is in the Tools folder. If it's not that. Try adb.exe. As for your other comments, I think a YouTube video is difficult. This whole process is the command line. There is really much more. What about a simpler process? Of course, I simplified it as much as possible. I still have to do the command line though. Anyway, please tell us what a numbered step you are blocked and what is the full mistake. Your description is a species of vague. Last modified: 1 Sep, 2010 Small problem I rooted my Droid 2 a few days ago ... they followed the directions for a tee and worked perfectly, except that time suddenly I am getting some random rapid rewind. I don't know why, I downloaded the Android system monitor and in the "Registers" sections show a recurrent error w / system.err (1884) any idea ?? Is there an update for the busybox, the superuser or how would they solve this? If not, I could only stuple it for now and see if this helps. Just rooted and made my first Nandroid backup. Thanks to all those who have made this possible and come a Vanilla Rom. I followed the process exactly as described and I didn't work as if it were to. Everything went well until the execution of the same Exploit. Brought a banner up as [*] cve-2010-easy blah blah blah blah [+] rlimit_nproc = {3815, 3815} [*] adb search ... [+] found adb as pid 20615 [*] children of Child deposition. ..... /../ [*] the ADB connection will be restored ... the problem has never restored the connection alone, but instead returned to promote but not with the long-awaited hash sign, but the Normal user dollar sign. So I tried to kill ADB manually and reconnect, but I still have the dollar sign prompt instead of the root hash sign. I tried to perform the exploit a few times, still without any results. Help please. I hope this rabillative stuff has not been rattooped by the update I received as 2 days ago ... Edit: your screenshot shows already that patch applied and has still worked for you. I don't know what's wrong ... help Last modification: 1 Sep 2010 I rooted my Droid 2 a few days ago ... followed the indications for a tee and worked perfectly, except for the sudden I'm Get some random rapid restarts. I don't know why, I downloaded the Android system monitor and in the "Registers" sections show a recurrent error w / system.err (1884) any idea ?? Is there an update for the busybox, the superuser or how would they solve this? If not, I could only stuple it for now and see if this helps. I was taking it so. I think the phone is trying to update automatically. After each reboot, my phone told me that the update has not succeeded. The reason for which the update was failed because I removed mynet.apk. I followed the process exactly as described and I didn't work as if it were to. Everything went well until the execution of the same Exploit. Brought a banner up as [*] cve-2010-easy blah blah blah blah [+] rlimit_nproc = {3815, 3815} [*] adb search ... [+] found adb as pid 20615 [*] children of Child deposition. ..... /../ [*] the ADB connection will be restored ... the problem has never restored the connection alone, but instead returned to promote but not with the long-awaited hash sign, but the Normal user dollar sign. So I tried to kill ADB manually and reconnect, but I still have the dollar sign prompt instead of the root hash sign. I tried to perform the exploit a few times, still without any results. Help please. I hope this rootable stuff has not been From the update I received as 2 days ago ... Edit: Your screenshot shows already that patch applied and has it yet worked for you. I don't know what's wrong ... it helps the root is still good for 2.2.20.A955 !!! Ok, to anyone who experienced what I did in the post 3 post - you didn't wait long enough !!! I did it again once again, after reading the post from a boy as a 3-page return. He did the same thing: he reported me $ thant. BE PATIENT! It should. Don't close anything. The Exploit is still working in the background. Wait until U Back to DOS (C: blah). Wait regarding how long it takes. PS: OP, please update first post with this information. Thanks again, and there will be a donation come to your party to the Exploit. PS2: from what I understand, the Exploit does not change anything permanently, instead hack some ram process get root access. It's further steps - copy superuser app, busybox and, of course, the tool up. Without Root access you could not cope as it would not be able to reassemble the file system in reading-writing mode. So actually unrooting should be as easy as reassembling the file system in RW mode and delete the three files has been distributed over it. Correct me if I'm wrong. Thanks again ok, nobody who experienced what I did in the post 3 posts up - you don't wait long enough !!! I did it once, after reading a boyfriend like 3 back pages. He did the same thing-took me back to $ ready. BE PATIENT! It is supposed to. Don't close anything. The Exploit is still working in the background. Wait for kicking up to DOS (C: blah). Wait regarding how long it takes. PS: OP, please update first post with this information. Thanks again, and there will be a donation come to your party to the Exploit. PS2: from what I understand, the Exploit does not change anything permanently, instead hack some ram process get root access. It's further steps - copy superuser app, busybox and, of course, the tool up. Without Root access you could not cope as it would not be able to reassemble the file system in reading-writing mode. So actually unrooting should be as easy as reassembling the file system in RW mode and delete the three files has been distributed over it. Correct me if I'm wrong. Thanks again Hahaha. Yes. I said something about it in the post # 164. It takes a while! I waited 30 minutes for ./rageagainsthecage-arm5.bin to kick me out, should I continue to wait or continue? I'd like to go ahead and go out. Type EXIT and press Enter, and read the note to 164 Â ° under ./rageagaindtthecage-arm5.bin. I don't think it should take more than 10 minutes. I followed your instruction, I typed out, returned to the DOS mode, I typed ADB devices and its listed but when I digito adb shell, nothing happens the cursor flashes only ... Edit: Never Mind I saw the other education, We hope that this works .... Last modification: 1 September 2010 I get the following error Now Mount -o RW, Remount Mount -T EXT3 / Dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System: Operation not allowed. Can anyone help me? I get the following error Now Mount -o RW, Remount -T EXT3 / Dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / Assembly system: Operation not allowed. Can anyone help me? I remember to come across this problem. I think it was because I lost a step. I'd like to go ahead and leave the shell. You probably can get out of the prompt and restart MS-DOS all. In essence, the Kirby The command syntax is not correct. C: Users Gary> C: Android-SDK-windows 'C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools' Tools is not recognized as an internal or external comm and, an executable program or a batch file. C: Users Gary> C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools> The command syntax is not correct. This is what continues to emerge when I feel the first step. As you can see, in the attempt different methods and nothing works. I took the 4 rows of Droid2Root and put them in this tool folder. Another thing is the cant get rid of the Users Gary> part of this command. it wont let me . some idea? C: Users Gary> C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools> The command syntax is not correct. C: Users Gary> C: Android-SDK-windows 'C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools' Tools is not recognized as an internal or external comm and, an executable program or a batch file. C: Users Gary> C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools> The command syntax is not correct. This is what continues to emerge when I feel the first step. As you can see, in the attempt different methods and nothing works. I took the 4 rows of Droid2Root and put them in this tool folder. Another thing is the cant get rid of the Users Gary> part of this command. it wont let me . some idea? No DOS command is used. You need to type C CD: Android-SDK-Windows Tools Last modified: September 6, 2010 Ok I tried of root is late at night and something went wrong and I went to recover and made a reset and seems to work Well again. My question is, -When root, isn't it possible to access the system recovery mode if you fail something in this way you can restore your phone? - I really want so root so I can get rid of all these verizon applications, so there is a way to unroot TOLGo them? What did you do wrong? I'm not sure about your questions, but you can return flame to the warehouse with the .sbf file method. Not really sure, it was 3:00 when I tried so probably just wrote something wrong. But my fear is that once root, if I ruin something, I want to be able to solve the problem. And IDK How to create an SBF, what something should be done once you are rooted? I want root, but I am terrified if I ruin something, I wouldn't want to "I know how to solve the problem and that I will lose my phone. Not really sure, it was 3:00 when I tried so probably just wrote something wrong. But my fear is that once root, if I ruin something, I want to be able to solve the problem. And IDK How to create an SBF, what something should be done once you are rooted? I want root, but I am terrified if I ruin something, I wouldn't want to "I know how to solve the problem and that I will lose my phone. Not difficult. Just follow the indications from the upper part. I don't think you can ruin. Just make sure entry properly. It's not going to root I really need help with, I know you're probably just wrong to write something since it was late, but I'm new to this and not really sure how to create a reckless backup I ruin something help every time I have put in command chmod 0755 rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin is said "unable of chmod 0755 rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin no such file or directory" what should I do ?? Hey problem after Digito chmod 0755 rageagaindthecage-arm5.bin is said no file or directory found even though I had extracted in the directory in the first phase. Some advice? I have 2.2.20 so you can't need pushing the superuser, up, to the device? Because when A bit of information on parameters and symbols come and I don't see transfer speed ... what can I do? Update: This rooting process works both for 2.2.19.A955 and 2.2.20.A955! Hello to all. Thanks to everything that has previously contributed to simplify the rooting process. I would like to pay a little forward and add some notes to help others understand how to root their Droid phone 2. All my additional notes will be in square brackets, at [A and A] Ã ¢. Please read my notes before making the steps! I hope it is helpful. Help. lot of mistakes / problems people are running into is because © did not read the notes! Furthermore, pay attention to the commands. Puntose tips, spaces, clash directions, casings, all these import and make all differences. I used the instructions and files from the original post here. Here are directions with my notes in brackets. There is no guarantee at this information. By simply providing him to help others root the phone. If you **** your Droid2, you **** I can't be held responsible. The process is not difficult. The instructions were a bit vague, though, and that's why I added my notes. For everyone's information, they are running Windows XP SP3, 32 Bit. Edit: I inserted bold commands so that you know what you need to enter in the command prompt. Edit: If you are new or you haven't rooted, ignore this comment. If you have already made the root of the phone on 2.2.19 by using this method and you have upgraded to 2.2.20, you can skip the first Kirby Development, USB control debug] - Change the link to PC mode [When you connect your phone to your computer with USB, there should be a notice in the Ã ¢ ¢ blind.Ã select USB connection detected and choose PC mode window. Phone should disconnect from the computer and reconnect again] Process: -. Open the command prompt [Start menu-> Run-> cmd.exe] - cd c: / where-your-SDK-tools-folder-is [es. cd c: / android-sdk-windows / tools The command line prompt should now say something like: C: \ android-sdk-windows \ tools>] - adb devices (to verify the connection) [you should see a listed device.] [Skip this line] - cd c: / Droid2Root [These next 4 steps, after entering each one, you'll see an amount of data transferred] - ADB push Superuser.apk /sdcard/Superuser.apk - ADB to push on. / Sdcard / do - ADB push busybox / sdcard / busybox - ADB push rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin /data/local/tmp/rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin - adb shell [The command line should now start with a $ Ã ¢ instead c: \] CD C: / Android-SDK-Windows / Tools C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools> ADB devices List of connected devices xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx spingere superuser.apk /sdcard/superusoer.apk 1287 kb / s (27688 byte in 0,021s) c: \ Android-sdk-windows \ utensili> ADB Push Su / sdcard / Su non Ã¨ possibile stat 'su /': nessun file di questo tipo o Directory C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Strumenti> ADB Push SU / SDCARD / SU 1165 KB / S (26248 byte in 0,022S) C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Strumenti> ADB PUSH BUSKBOX / SDCARD / BUSKBOX 1077 KB / s (1926944 bytes in 1.746s) c: \ Android-sdk-windows \ utensili> ADB PUSH GRABEAGAINSTTheCage-Arm5.bin / Data / Locale / TM P / rameaGainsthecage-arm5.bin 658 kb / s (5392 bytes in 0.008s) C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Tools> ADB Shell $ Dati CD / dati CD locali / TMP / Local / TMP $ CHMOD 0755 RageaGainsthecage-Arm5.bin Chmod 0755 RageaGainstthecage-Arm5.bin $ ./RageaGainstthecage-RM5.bin ./RAGEAAGAINSTTheCage-ARM5.bin [*] CVE-2010-Easy Android root root exploit (c) 2010 di 743c [*] Controllo del limite NPROC ... [+] RLIMIT_NPROC = {3815, 3815} [*] Ricerca di ADB ... [+] Trovato adb come PID 1122 [*] Bambini di deposizione dei bambini. Non digitare qualsiasi cosa e attendi il reset! [*] [*] Se ti piace quello che stiamo facendo puoi inviarci denaro PayPal a [*] [Email protetto] B.DE in modo da poter compensare il tempo, lo sforzo e i costi HW. [*] Se sei un'azienda e ti senti come te tra profitto dal nostro lavoro, [*] Accettiamo anche donazioni> 1000 USD! [*] La connessione ADB [*] verrÃ ripristinata. Riavvia il server ADB su Desktop e Re-Login. $ C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Tools> ADB Kill-Server C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Strumenti> CD C: / Android-SDK-Windows / Strumenti C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Tools> ADB Dispositivi * Daemon non in esecuzione. Iniziandolo ora su Port 5037 * * Daemon Ã¨ iniziato correttamente * Elenco dei dispositivi collegati 015D686408018023 Dispositivo C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Strumenti> Shell ADB # Mount -O RW, rimuovi -T EXT3 / Dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System Mount -o rw, remount -t ext3 / dev / block / mmcblk1p21 / Uso del sistema: montare [-R] [-w] [-O opzioni] [-t tipo] Directory periferica # cp /sdcard/superusoer.apk / systerm / app / superuser.apk cp /sdcard/superusoer.apk /systerm/app/superusoer.apk cp: /systerm/app/superusoer.apk: nessun file o directory # cp /sdcard/superuso.apk / systerm / app / superuser .apk cp /sdcard/superusoer.apk /systerm/app/superusoer.apk cp: /systerm/app/superusoer.apk: nessun file o directory di questo tipo o directory # cp /sdcard/superuso.apk /system/app/superusoer.apk cp /sdcard/superusoer.apk /system/app/superusoer.appy cp: /system/app/superusoer.apk: file system di sola lettura # cp / sdcard / su / sdcard / bin / su cp / sdcard / su / systerm / bin / su cp: / systerm / bin / su: no tali file o directory # cp / sdcard / su / sistema / bin / su cp / sdcard / su / system / bin / su cp: / system / bin / SU: Sistema system di sola lettura # CP / SDCard / BUSKBOX / SYSTEM / BIN / BINESSBOX CP / SDCARD / BUSKBOX / SYSTEM / BIN / BUSKBOX CP: / System / Bin / Busybox: file system di sola lettura # CHMOD 4755 / Sistema / BIN / SU CHMOD 4755 / SYSTEM / BIN / SU Impossibile a CHMOD / SYSTEM / BIN / SU: nessun file o directory # CHMOD 4755 / System / Bin / Su ChMOD 4755 / System / Bin / su Impossibile a ChMoD / System / Bin / SU: nessun tipo di file o directory # per favore sono cosÃ¬ vicino a qualsiasi aiuto sarebbe apprezzato ultimo modificato: 10 settembre 2010 Microsoft Windows [versione 6.1.7600] Copyright (c) 2009 Microsoft Corporation. Tutti i diritti riservati. C: \ Users \ I Atte il computer> adb push superuser.apk /sdcard/superusoer.apk 'adb' non Ã¨ riconosciuto come comando interno o esterno, programma operabile o file batch. C: \ Users \ I Atte il computer> CD C: / Android-SDK-Windows / Strumenti C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Strumenti> Dispositivi ADB Elenco dei dispositivi dei dispositivi allegati 015D686408018023 Dispositivo C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Tools \ Tools > adb push superuser.apk /sdcard/superusoer.apk 1287 kb / s (27688 byte in 0,021s) C: \ \ Strumenti> ADB PUSH SU / SDCARD / SU NON PUO 'STAT' SU / ': No Tale file o directory c: \ Android-sdk-windows \ utensili> ADB Push Su / sdcard / SU 1165 KB / s (26248 byte in 0,022s) C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Strumenti> ADB PUSH BULYBOX / SDCARD / BUSHBOX 1077 KB / s (1926944 Bytes in 1.746s) C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Strumenti> ADB PUSH GRABEAGAINSTTHECAGE-ARM5.BIN / DATA / LOCALE / TM P / AGAGEAGAINSTTHECAGE-ARM5.BIN 658 KB / s (5392 Bytes in 0.008S) C: \ Android-SDK-Windows \ Tools> ADB Shell $ CD Data / Dati CD locali / TMP CD / Locale / TMP $ CHMOD 0755 RageaGainstthecage-Arm5.bin Chmod 0755 0755 $ ./Rageagaindtthecage-arm5.bin ./rageagainstthecage-arm5.bin [*] Main local CVE-2010-Easy Android Exploit (c) 2010 by 743C [*] Npresso limit control ... [+] RLIMIT_NPROC = {3815, 3815} [*] Adb search ... [+] ADB found as PID 1122 [*] Deposition of eggs Children. Don't type anything and wait for the reset! [*] [*] If you like what we are doing you can send money to Paypal [*] [email, protected] so that we can compensate for time, efforts and HW costs. [*] If you are a company and you feel like you from profit from our work, [*] We also accept donations> 1000 USD! [*] The ADB connection [*] will be restored. Restart the ADB server on desktop and re-login. $ C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools> ADB Kill-Server C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools> CD C: / Android-SDK-Windows / Tools C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools> ADB Devices * Daemon not running. Starting immediately on port 5037 * * * DEMON successfully started all connected devices 015D686408018023 Device C: Android-SDK-Windows Tools> ADB shell ===> # Mount -o RW, Remount -T EXT3 / dev / Block / MMCBLK1P21 / System Applications-> Development, the USB control debugging] are a novice here, so please be patient with me. When I load the Android SDK and ADV management program, and go to the settings, I see nothing more than the proxy settings. - Change the connection to the PC mode [when connecting the phone to your computer with USB, there should be a warning in the Ã ¢ blind window. ¢ Select the detected USB connection and choose the PC mode. Phone should disconnect from the computer and reconnect again] -. ADB Devices (to verify the connection) [You should see a device listed] I see "list of attached devices" Help !!!. Thank you - Make sure you have USB deviation enabled [this is under Settings-> Applications-> Development, USB Debug control] I am a novice here, so please have patience with me. When load Android SDK and ADV management program, and go to the settings, I see nothing more than the proxy settings. - Change the connection to the PC mode [when connecting the phone to your computer with USB, there should be a warning in the Ã ¢ blind window. ¢ Select the detected USB connection and choose the PC mode. Phone should disconnect from the computer and reconnect again] -. ADB Devices (to check the connection) [You should see a device listed] I see "Device list. Devices. Help!!! Thank you USB Debug on the phone and not on ADB / Android SDK. As for your second problem, it may be displayed because the USB debug is not in place, the phone is not in PC mode, and / or you have not installed the drivers. USB debugging on the phone and not on ADB / Android SDK. As for your second problem, it may be displayed because the USB debug is not in place, the phone is not in PC mode, and / or you have not installed the drivers. How can I set debug on the phone? I installed the drivers, but when I put the phone in PC mode, get the installation of a new hardware for A955, so I can't find the drivers I just installed. Become here how can I set debug on the phone? I installed the drivers, but when I put the phone in PC mode, get the installation of a new hardware for A955, so I can't find the drivers I just installed. Be disappointed here on your phone, click the button in the lower left of the phone. What looks 4 squares. Go to Settings-> Applications-> Development, check USB debugging. As regards the reinstallation of drivers, ignore it. Continues. Root, but ... Hi people, thank you very much for the simple directions to follow (simple for a user of Bourne Shell, however). I have successfully rooted my d2 and â €

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